

Syllabus for Analysis 2 Qualifying Exam

Topics: Measure Theory; Integration and Function Spaces; Integration of Differential Forms; the Fourier transform.

References:

“Real Analysis”, third edition, by H. L. Royden;

“Principles of Mathematical Analysis”, third edition, by W. Rudin;

“Elements of the Theory of Functions and Functional Analysis”, by A. N. Kolmogorov and S. V. Fomin;

“Introduction to Analysis”, by Maxwell Rosenlicht;

“Fourier analysis and its applications”, by G. B. Folland;

“Differential Forms with applications to the Physical Sciences”, by H. Flanders.

σ -algebras, Borel sets, F_σ sets, G_δ sets; outer measure on \mathbf{R} , measurable set, Lebesgue measure; measurable function, simple function, Egoroff’s theorem.

Riemann integral, Lebesgue integral, integrable function; Fatou’s lemma, monotone convergence theorem, dominated convergence theorem, Riemann-Lebesgue lemma; functions of bounded variation, absolutely continuous functions; Lebesgue’s theorem on the derivative of function of bounded variation; Jensen’s inequality.

Product measure, Fubini’s theorem on iterated integration; l^p and L^p ; Minkowski, Young and Hölder inequalities; convergence in l^p and L^p , Riesz-Fischer theorem on completeness of L^p ; bounded linear functionals, dual spaces, Riesz representation theorem.

Curves in \mathbf{R}^2 , surfaces in \mathbf{R}^3 ; k -surfaces in \mathbf{R}^n ; differential forms in \mathbf{R}^n ; Leibnitz rule, change of variables; closed, exact forms; Stokes Theorem.

Fourier series: Bessel’s inequality; criteria for pointwise convergence and convergence in L^2 ; completeness; applications to solving separable PDE’s.

Fourier transform: invertibility and the inversion formula, Schwartz space, Plancherel theorem and Fourier transform in L^2 , applications to ODE and PDE.