

MTH U165 Intro to Mathematical Reasoning, Fall 2007, Quiz 8

1) Find a polynomial formula for  $a_n = 0^3 + 1^3 + 2^3 + \dots + n^3$ .

$(\Delta a)_n = a_{n+1} - a_n = (n+1)^3 = \text{polynomial of degree 3,}$

So  $a_n = \text{polynomial in } n \text{ of degree 4.}$

a:	0	$a_1$	$a_2$	$a_3$	...		
$\Delta a$ :	1	8	27	64	125	...	
$\Delta^2 a$ :		7	19	37	61	...	
$\Delta^3 a$ :			12	18	24	...	
$\Delta^4 a$ :				6	6	...	
$\Delta^5 a$ :					0	0	...

$$a_n = \binom{n}{1} + 7\binom{n}{2} + 12\binom{n}{3} + 6\binom{n}{4}$$

2) Find the sequence given by a polynomial expression of degree 3 and such that  $a_n = 3^n$  for  $n = 0, 1, 2, 3$ .

a:	1	3	9	27			
$\Delta a$ :		2	6	18			
$\Delta^2 a$ :			4	12			
$\Delta^3 a$ :				8			
$\Delta^4 a$ :					0	0	...

$$a_n = 1 + 2\binom{n}{1} + 4\binom{n}{2} + 8\binom{n}{3}$$

3) Compute  $(\Delta^{10} a)_n$  for the sequence  $a = (a_0, a_1, a_2, \dots)$  given by  $a_n = 3^n$  for all  $n$ .

$$(\Delta a)_n = 3^{n+1} - 3^n = 3^n \cdot 3 - 3^n \cdot 1 = 2 \cdot 3^n$$

So  $(\Delta^2 a)_n = 2^2 \cdot 3^n, (\Delta^3 a)_n = 2^3 \cdot 3^n, \dots$

$$(\Delta^{10} a)_n = 2^{10} \cdot 3^n = 1024 \cdot 3^n$$