

Math U141 Fall 07 Prof. A. Iarrobino Name _____

Problems #1,2 will count 5 points each. The third will count 2 pts EC.

1.(5 pts) Find antiderivatives F of the following functions.

A. $f = 3x^2 - 2x + 1$. Find an antiderivative F satisfying $F(2)=3$.

Ans. $f = x^3 - x^2 + x - 3$.

B. $f = 7 \cdot \sqrt[4]{x^7} - \frac{3}{x^{1.5}} + 4(3x-5)^7 + \frac{3}{x}$. Find a general antiderivative F.

Ans. $\frac{28 \cdot x^{11/4}}{11} + \frac{6}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{(3x-5)^8}{6} + 3\ln|x| + C$

2. (5 pts) A quick frog on Mercury where the acceleration of gravity is -12 feet per sec², jumps vertically upward with an initial velocity of 18 feet per second, from a 60 foot hill above a pond.

a. Determine its velocity $v(t)$ and position $s(t)$ as a function of time.

b. When is it highest? How high does it leap?

c. When does it land on a lily pad floating on the pond? How fast is it traveling then?

d*. Discuss whether the frog gets wet.

a. **Sol.**

$$a = -12$$

$$v = \int a = \int -12 = -12t + c_v; v(0) = 18 = -12(0) + c_v, \text{ so } c_v = 18, \text{ and}$$

$$v = -12t + 18.$$

$$s = \int v = \int -12t + 18 = -6t^2 + 18t + c_s, s(0) = 60 = 0 + c_s;$$

$$s = -6t^2 + 18t + 60.$$

b. **Sol:** highest: set $v=0$, $-12t+18=0$, $t=1.5$ sec., height $s(1.5)=73.5$ ft.

c. **Sol.** Set $s=0$, $-6(t-5)(t+2)=0$, $t=5$, vel $v(5)=-42$ ft/sec

3. (2 pts) Six equal garden plots, arranged in 2 rows of three, will enclose a total of 3000 square feet. Outside fencing costs \$5 a foot, and inside \$2 a foot. Letting x = length of a whole row, and y the length of a whole side, determine x,y so as to minimize the cost. Hint: verify that $C=12x+14y$.

v

Sol. C =outside cost + inside cost = $5(2x+2y)=2(x+2y)=12x+14y$. (F to minimize)

Side: $xy=3000$.

Step 2: solve side and substitute in F: $y = 3000/x$, $C = 12x + 14(3000/x)$. range: $x > 0$.

Step 3. Solve max-min problem on the interval: Set $C'=0$

$$C' = 12 + 14(3000)(-x^{-2}) = 0; \quad 12 = \frac{14(3000)}{x^2};$$

$$12x^2 = 14(3000), \quad x = \sqrt{\frac{14(3000)}{12}}, \quad x = \sqrt{3500} = 59.16 \text{ ft.}$$

$$y = 3000/x = 50.7 \text{ ft.}$$

check for min cost: $C'' = 14(3000)(-(-2x^{-3})) > 0$ as $x > 0$, so C is CU, and we have global min.

Quadratic formula: $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ has solution $x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$

: $\int x^n dx = \frac{x^{n+1}}{n+1} + C$ if $n \neq -1$, $\int x^{-1} dx = \ln(x) + C$, $\int b^x dx = \frac{b^x}{\ln(b)} + C$, $\int e^{ax} = \frac{1}{a} e^{ax} + C$

$\int \sin(ax) = -\frac{1}{a} \cos(ax)$, $\int \cos(ax) = \frac{1}{a} \sin(ax)$