

Please show all work, for full credit. The best three of four problems will count four points each..

1. Given that $f(x) = 3x$, for $-2 \leq x \leq 4$ Graph f , and determine

$$\int_{-2}^4 f(x) dx \text{ in two ways}$$

i. geometrically as signed area, and **Ans.** i. There is one triangle below the axis, with vertices $(-2,0)$, $(-2,-6)$, and $(0,0)$ of area $6 \cdot 2/2$, and a second triangle above the axis, with vertices $(0,0)$, $(4,0)$, $(4,12)$, of area $(4 \cdot 12/2) = 24$, so the integral is $24 - 6 = 18$.

ii. using the fundamental theorem.

$$\text{Ans. } \int_{-2}^4 3x dx = \left. \frac{3x^2}{2} \right|_{-2}^4 = \frac{3(4)^2}{2} - \frac{3(-2)^2}{2} = 24 - 6 = 18.$$

2. Consider the following table of water flow over a dam on the Wandering Creek:
time is in minutes since 9 AM, and flow rate is in cubic meters/hour

t	0	5	10	15	20
r	50	70	100	90	80

Estimate the total amount of water that has gone over the dam in the first 20 minutes, Including units, using

i. left sum **Ans.** $5(50+70+100+90) = 1550 \frac{m^3}{hr} \cdot \text{min} = \frac{1550}{60} m^3 = 25 \frac{5}{6} m^3$.

ii. trapezoid sum **Ans.** $5 \left(\frac{1}{2} \cdot 50 + 70 + 100 + 90 + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 80 \right) \frac{m^3}{60} = \frac{1625 m^3}{60} = 27.0833 m^3$

3. The ice on Tadpole Pond is 2" thick, at 9 AM, and the thickness T in inches is changing at the rate of $\frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{120}$, inches / minute, x hours after 9 AM.

a. Write an integral for the change in thickness from 9 AM to x hours after 9 AM.

$$\text{Ans. } \int_0^x \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{120} dx \frac{\text{inches}}{\text{min}} \cdot \text{hrs} = \int_0^x \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{2} dx \text{ inches}$$

b. What is the thickness of the ice at 10 AM? (give units)

$$\text{Ans. Change in thickness is } \int_0^1 \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{2} dx = \int_0^1 \frac{x^{1/3}}{2} dx = \left. \frac{x^{4/3}}{2 \cdot (4/3)} \right|_0^1 = \frac{3}{8}(1-0) = \frac{3}{8} \text{ inches.}$$

New thickness is 2.375 inches.

4. a. Determine the first, fourth and tenth terms in the right sum $R(20)$ for $A = \int_1^3 x^3 dx$.

$$\text{Ans. } \Delta x = \frac{3-1}{20} = 0.1. \quad R(20) = 0.1(1.1^3) + \dots + 0.1(1.4^3) + \dots + 0.1(2^3) + \dots + 0.1(3^3).$$

(here first, fourth, tenth and last terms are shown).

b. Give a formula for the difference $R(n) - L(n)$ between right and left sums with n rectangles, for this integral. **Ans.** For $\int_a^b f(x) dx$, $R(n) - L(n) = \Delta x(f(b) - f(a))$. Here this is $\frac{2}{n}(3^3 - 1^3) = \frac{52}{n}$.

c. Determine A exactly, using the Fundamental Theorem.

$$\text{Ans. } \int_1^3 x^3 dx = \left. \frac{x^4}{4} \right|_1^3 = \frac{81}{4} - \frac{1}{4} = 20.$$