

Qualifying Exam in Topology

April 2007

Do the following five problems. Give proofs or justifications for each statement you make. Draw pictures when needed. Be as **clear** and **concise** as possible. Show all your work.

- Let $X = \{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 \mid xy = 0\}$, and let $f: X \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be the function defined by $f(x, y) = x$. Prove or disprove the following:
 - f is a continuous map.
 - f is an open map.
 - f is a closed map.
 - f is a quotient map.
 - f is a local homeomorphism.
- Prove or disprove the following:
 - If X and Y are path-connected, then $X \times Y$ is path-connected.
 - If $A \subset X$ is path-connected, then \overline{A} is path-connected.
 - If X is locally path-connected, and $A \subset X$, then A is locally path-connected.
 - If X is path-connected, and $f: X \rightarrow Y$ is continuous, then $f(X)$ is path-connected.
 - If X is locally path-connected, and $f: X \rightarrow Y$ is continuous, then $f(X)$ is locally path-connected.
- Let $X = S^1 \vee S^1$ be the wedge of two circles at the basepoint x_0 .
 - Explain why we may identify $\pi_1(X, x_0)$ with F_2 , the free group of rank 2.
 - Consider the homomorphism $\phi: F_2 \rightarrow S_3$ that maps the first generator to the transposition $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$, and the second generator to the 3-cycle $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 3 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$. Draw the covering space $p: Y \rightarrow X$ whose associated lifting correspondence is ϕ .
 - Is p a normal (that is, regular) cover?
 - Fix a basepoint $y_0 \in p^{-1}(x_0)$ and compute $\pi_1(Y, y_0)$.
 - Determine the homomorphism $p_\# : \pi_1(Y, y_0) \rightarrow \pi_1(X, x_0)$.
 - Determine the homomorphism $p_* : H_1(Y) \rightarrow H_1(X)$.
 - Does the index of $p_\#(\pi_1(Y, y_0))$ in $\pi_1(X, x_0)$ coincide with the index of $p_*(H_1(Y))$ in $H_1(X)$?

4. Let $p: E \rightarrow B$ be a covering space. Fix a basepoint $b_0 \in B$, and suppose $p^{-1}(b_0)$ has k elements.
- (a) Assume B is connected. Show that $p^{-1}(b)$ has also k elements, for any $b \in B$.
 - (b) Assume that, in addition, B is compact. Show that E is also compact.
5. Let S^2 be the 2-sphere, $\mathbb{R}\mathbb{P}^2$ the projective plane, and T^2 the 2-torus.
- (a) For each of these 3 spaces, compute the fundamental group, and identify the universal cover.
 - (b) Prove or disprove the following:
 - (i) Every continuous map $S^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}\mathbb{P}^2$ is homotopic to a constant map.
 - (ii) Every continuous map $S^2 \rightarrow T^2$ is homotopic to a constant map.
 - (iii) Every continuous map $\mathbb{R}\mathbb{P}^2 \rightarrow S^2$ is homotopic to a constant map.
 - (iv) Every continuous map $\mathbb{R}\mathbb{P}^2 \rightarrow T^2$ is homotopic to a constant map.
 - (v) Every continuous map $T^2 \rightarrow S^2$ is homotopic to a constant map.
 - (vi) Every continuous map $T^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}\mathbb{P}^2$ is homotopic to a constant map.